State's regulation equivalent to §31.5 of this chapter, or alternatively, furnish a copy of the general license contained in §31.5 of this chapter, to each person to whom he directly or through an intermediate person transfers byproduct material in a device for use pursuant to the general license of an Agreement State. If a copy of the general license in §31.5 of this chapter is furnished to such person, it shall be accompanied by a note explaining that use of the device is regulated by the Agreement State under requirements substantially the same as those in §31.5 of this chapter.

[39 FR 43533, Dec. 16, 1974]

§ 32.52 Same: Material transfer reports and records.

Each person licensed under §32.51 to initially transfer devices to generally licensed persons shall:

(a) Report to the Director of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Washington, DC 20555-0001, all transfers of such devices to persons for use under the general license in §31.5 of this chapter. Such reports must identify each general licensee by name and address, and individual by name and/or position who may constitute a point of contact between the Commission and the general licensee, the type of device transferred, and the quantity and type of byproduct material contained in the device. If one or more intermediate persons will temporarily possess the device at the intended place of use prior to its possession by the user, the report must include identification of each intermediate person by name, address, contact, and relationship to the intended user. If no transfers have been made to persons generally licensed under §31.5 of this chapter during the reporting period, the report must so indicate. The report must cover each calendar quarter and must be filed within 30 days thereafter.

(b) Report to the responsible Agreement State agency all transfers of such devices to persons for use under a general license in an Agreement State's regulation equivalent to §31.5 of this chapter. Such report shall identify each general licensee by name and address, an individual by name and/or po-

sition who may constitute a point of contact between the agency and the general licensee, the type and model number of device transferred, and the quantity and type of byproduct material contained in the device. If one or more intermediate persons will temporarily possess the device at the intended place of use prior to its possession by the user, the report shall include identification of each intermediate person by name, address, contact, and relationship to the intended user. The report shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter in which such a device is transferred to the generally licensed person. If no transfers have been made to a particular Agreement State during the reporting period, this information shall be reported to the responsible Agreement State agency upon request of the agency. The first report, if any, to be filed pursuant to this paragraph as revised and effective on January 15, 1975, shall cover the first calendar quarter in 1975.

(c) Keep records showing the name, address, and a point of contact for each general licensee to whom he directly or through an intermediate person transfers byproduct material in devices for use pursuant to the general license provided in §31.5 of this chapter or equivalent regulations of an Agreement State. The records shall show the date of each transfer, the isotope and quantity of radioactivity in each device transferred, the identity of any intermediate person, and compliance with the report requirements of this section. The records required by this paragraph shall be maintained for a period of five years from the date of the recorded event.

[39 FR 43533, Dec. 16, 1974, as amended at 41 FR 16446, Apr. 19, 1976; 41 FR 18302, May 3, 1976; 43 FR 6923, Feb. 17, 1978; 60 FR 3737, Jan. 19, 1995]

§ 32.53 Luminous safety devices for use in aircraft: Requirements for license to manufacture, assemble, repair or initially transfer.

An application for a specific license to manufacture, assemble, repair or

initially transfer luminous safety devices containing tritium or promethium-147 for use in aircraft, for distribution to persons generally licensed under §31.7 of this chapter, will be approved if:

- (a) The applicant satisfies the general requirements specified in §30.33 of this chapter;
- (b) The applicant submits sufficient information regarding each device pertinent to evaluation of the potential radiation exposure, including:
- (1) Chemical and physical form and maximum quantity of tritium or promethium-147 in each device;
- (2) Details of construction and design:
- (3) Details of the method of binding or containing the tritium or promethium-147;
- (4) Procedures for and results of prototype testing to demonstrate that the tritium or promethium-147 will not be released to the environment under the most severe conditions likely to be encountered in normal use:
- (5) Any quality control procedures proposed as alternatives to those prescribed by §32.55;
- (6) Any additional information, including experimental studies and tests, required by the Commission to facilitate a determination of the safety of the device.
- (c) Each device will contain no more than 10 curies of tritium or 300 millicuries of promethium-147. The levels of radiation from each device containing promethium-147 will not exceed 0.5 millirad per hour at 10 centimeters from any surface when measured through 50 milligrams per square centimeter of absorber.
 - (d) The Commission determines that:
- (1) The method of incorporation and binding of the tritium or promethium-147 in the device is such that the tritium or promethium-147 will not be released under the most severe conditions which are likely to be encountered in normal use and handling of the device;
- (2) The tritium or promethium-147 is incorporated or enclosed so as to preclude direct physical contact by any person with it;
- (3) The device is so designed that it cannot easily be disassembled; and

(4) The device has been subjected to and has satisfactorily passed the prototype tests prescribed by §32.101, Schedule B, of this part.

[30 FR 8192, June 26, 1965, as amended at 33 FR 6463, Apr. 27, 1968; 43 FR 6923, Feb. 17, 1978]

§32.54 Same: Labeling of devices.

(a) A person licensed under §32.53 to manufacture, assemble, or initially transfer devices containing tritium or promethium-147 for distribution to persons generally licensed under §31.7 of this chapter shall, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, affix to each device a label containing the radiation symbol prescribed by §20.1901 of this chapter, such other information as may be required by the Commission including disposal instructions when appropriate, and the following or a substantially similar statement which contains the information called for in the following statement: 1

The receipt, possession, use, and transfer of this device, Model* ______, Serial No.* _____, containing ______ (Identity and quantity of radioactive material) are subject to a general license or the equivalent and the regulations of the U.S. NRC or of a State with which the NRC has entered into an agreement for the exercise of regulatory authority. Do not remove this label.

CAUTION—RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

(Name of manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor.)*

- *The model, serial number, and name of manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor may be omitted from this label provided they are elsewhere specified in labeling affixed to the device.
- (b) If the Commission determines that it is not feasible to affix a label to the device containing all the information called for in paragraph (a) of this section, it may waive the requirements of that paragraph and require in lieu thereof that:
- (1) A label be affixed to the device identifying:
- (i) The manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor: and

¹Devices licensed under § 32.53 prior to January 19, 1975 may bear labels authorized by the regulations in effect on January 1, 1975.